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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/834,771	04/13/2001	Radia J. Perlman	SUN-P5651-RSH 3759	
22835 7	7590 06/29/2005		EXAMINER	
A. RICHARD PARK, REG. NO. 41241 PARK, VAUGHAN & FLEMING LLP			MAIS, MARK A	
2820 FIFTH ST		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
DAVIS, CA 95616			2664	
			DATE MAILED: 06/29/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/834,771	PERLMAN ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Mark A. Mais	2664			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 February 2005.					
2a)⊠	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This	action is non-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□	Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1-27 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	vn from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)[	☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11)□	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•			
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)i	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  All b) Some * c) None of:  Certified copies of the priority documents  Certified copies of the priority documents  Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents  application from the International Bureau  See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachmen						
1)  Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
3) 🔲 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date		Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Objections

1. Claim 2 is objected to because of the following informalities: it still recites "neighboring needs." The examiner has interpreted this as "neighboring nodes." Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

- 3. Claims 1-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Saleh et al. (US Patent Publication 201/0033548).
- 4. With regard to claims 1, 10 and 19, Saleh et al. discloses an apparatus, and computer readable storage medium that employ a flooding protocol to send packets between a source and a destination, the method comprising:

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receiving a packet containing data at an intermediate node [Fig. 14, nodes 0-8] located between the source and the destination wherein the packet is a data packet that is enroute from the source to the destination [Fig. 14, nodes A and B];

wherein the packet is received from a first neighboring node [for example, neighbors exchange hello messages which contain link state advertisements (LSAs) (which also contain the hop count), page 6, paragraphs 0076-0077];

determining whether the packet has been seen before at the intermediate node [checking link state ID (LSID) of the LSA, page 8, paragraph 0091]; and

if the packet has not been seen before, forwarding the packet to neighboring nodes of the intermediate node [LSA is added to the LSAawaitingToBeSent list (fig. 5, step 550) when the packet has not been seen before, page 8, paragraph 0097].

- 5. With regard to claims 2, 11, and 20, Saleh et al. discloses that forwarding the packet to neighboring nodes involves forwarding the packet to all neighboring nodes except the first neighboring node from which the packet was received [the LSA is sent to all neighbors except the neighbor from which it received the LSA, page 8, paragraph 0097].
- 6. With regard to claims 3, 5, 6, 12, 14, 15, 23, 24 Saleh et al. discloses examining a sequence number, S<sub>R</sub>, contained within the packet to determine whether the sequence number has been seen before and comparing it to the highest received sequence number S<sub>H</sub> stored at the node based on the source and destination of the packet [the new LSA (which includes information about the ID of the originating node as well as the intermediate nodes, see fig. 18) is

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compared to the current LSA and either discarded if seen before or overwritten if not seen before, page 8, paragraph 0099.

- 7. With regard to claims 4, 13, and 22, Saleh et al. discloses the sequence number includes one of: a sequence number inserted into a payload of the packet; a sequence number located within an Internet Protocol (IP) header of the packet; and a sequence number located within a layer 4 header of the packet [fig. 17, hello protocol header contains LSID field 1830, neighbor node ID 1845 and link ID 1850, page 19, paragraph 0235; see also fig. 16, protocol header which includes a sequence number 1660, origin ID 1670, and target node ID 1680, page 17, paragraph 0229].
- 8. With regard to claims 7, 16, and 25 Saleh et al. discloses determining whether the packet has been seen before involves examining a record, R [link state database, page 8, paragraph 0099], indicating which of N possible sequence numbers [interpreted by examiner as ANY possible number of sequence numbers, e.g., the LSID can be 32 bits, page 8, paragraph 0091] preceding a highest received sequence number, Su, have been seen before [the nodes compare LSIDs, and when two LSIDs are compared, the node looks up the current LSA in the database, and then compares the LSAs to see which one is more recent, page 9, paragraph 0099. The LSID FIRST\_LSID takes precedence, page 8, paragraph 0100; see also page 11, paragraph 0134 and page 14, paragraphs 0172, wherein Saleh et al. discloses that if a VP goes down, it must re-establish each VP by sending a Restore Path Request (RPR) message (page 11, paragraph 0134). When processing the restore path request entry

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(RPRE) that is received, the RPR sequence number is analyzed whether it falls between the FirstSequenceNumber and the LastSequenceNumber or is considered invalid (page 14, paragraph 0172)].

9. With regard to claims 8, 9, 17, 18, 26 and 27, Saleh et al. discloses that determining whether the packet has been seen before involves: looking up a highest received sequence number, S<sub>H</sub>;

if  $S_R > S_H$ , overwriting  $S_H$  with  $S_R$ , updating a record, R, [link state database, page 8, paragraph 0099, the LSID can be 32 bits, page 8, paragraph 091], indicating which of N possible sequence numbers [interpreted by examiner as ANY possible number of sequence numbers, e.g., the LSID can be 32 bits, page 8, paragraph 0091] preceding  $S_H$  have been seen before, and forwarding the packet to the neighboring nodes [the received LSA LSID is compared to the LSID of the current LSA in the database, and the most recent one is installed in the database, page 8, paragraph 0099; then the LSA is added to the LSA awaiting ToBeSent list (fig. 5, step 550), page 8, paragraph 0097];

if  $S_H$  -N >  $S_R$ , discarding the packet [if the LDS ID of the LSA in the database is more recent, the received LSA is discarded, page 8, paragraph 0099], and

if  $S_H >= S_R >= S_H$ -N, then if R indicates that  $S_R$  has been seen before, discarding the packet [if the LSID of the LSA in the database is more recent, the received LSA is discarded, page 8, paragraph 0099], and if R indicates the packet has not been seen before, updating R to indicate that  $S_R$  has been seen, and forwarding the packet to the neighboring nodes [if the LSID of the two packets are the same ( $S_H = S_R$ ), the HOP\_COUNTS are compared, if the new packet has a lower hop count, the most recent one is installed in the database;

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page 8, paragraph 0100; then the LSA is added to the LSA awaiting To Be Sent list (fig. 5,

step 550), page 8, paragraph 0097].

Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments filed February 11, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not

persuasive.

11. Applicant argues that Selah teaches exchanging "special hello packets", while applicant's

invention examines "normal data packets" and only forwards previously unseen data packets to

all adjacent nodes except the node from which the previously unseen packets were received from

[Applicant's amendment of February 11, 2005, page 10, paragraphs 2 and 3].

12. In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of

applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., forwarding)

only "normal data packets" and not forwarding "special hello packets") are not recited in the

rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations

from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26

USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Moreover, as explained for claims 1, 10, and 19 above, Saleh et

al. forwards packets enroute from the source to the destination [see Saleh et al., Fig. 14, nodes A

and B].

Conclusion

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13. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension

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of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

14. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS

from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of

the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the

THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on

the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be

calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory

period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Mark A. Mais whose telephone number is (571) 272-3138. The examiner

can normally be reached on 6:00-4:30.

16. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Wellington Chin can be reached on (571) 272-3134. The fax phone number for the organization

where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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17. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

May 23, 2005

WELLINGTON CHIN "ERVISORY PATENT EXAMINE"

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